SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	BISCAYA
Product code (UVP)	79674910

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use	Insecticide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Bayer CropScience Limited 230 Cambridge Science Park Milton Road Cambridge Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB United Kingdom
Telephone	+44(0)1223 226500
Telefax	+44(0)1223 426240
Responsible Department	Email: ukinfo@bayercropscience.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no.	0800-220876 (UK 24 hr) +44(0)1635-563000 (Overseas 24 hr)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Acute toxicity: Category 4
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Skin irritation: Category 2
H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation: Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Carc.Cat.3, R40
Xn Harmful, R22
Xi Irritant, R36/38
N Dangerous for the environment, R50/53

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Thiacloprid

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements

P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308 + P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Oil dispersion (OD)
Thiacloprid 240 g/l

Hazardous components

R-phrase(s) according to EC directive 67/548/EEC
Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No.	Classification		Conc. [%]
		EC Directive 67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Thiacloprid	111988-49-9 601-147-9	Carc.Cat.3 R40 T; R25 Xn; R20 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	23.10
Fatty alcohol ethoxylate	68131-39-5 500-195-7	Xn; R22 Xi; R41	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	> 0.25 - < 2.50

		N; R50	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
2-Ethylhexanol propylene ethyleneglycol ether	64366-70-7 613-582-1	R52/53	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1.00 - < 25.00
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	128-37-0 204-881-4	N; R50/53	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	> 0.10 - < 0.25

Further information

Thiacloprid	111988-49-9	M-Factor: 100 (acute)

For the full text of the R-phrases/ Hazard statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice
Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Inhalation
Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Skin contact
Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. If eye irritation or redness persists, see an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion
Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Induce vomiting only, if: 1. patient is fully conscious, 2. medical aid is not readily available, 3. a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested and 4. time since ingestion is less than 1 hour. (Vomit should not get into the respiratory tract.)

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms
If large amounts are ingested, the following symptoms may occur:

Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Salivation, Headache, Dizziness, Confusion, Excitement, Bradycardia, Tachycardia, Coma, Hypotension, Respiratory paralysis

Symptoms and hazards refer to effects observed after intake of significant amounts of the active ingredient(s).

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment
Treat symptomatically. Monitor: respiratory and cardiac functions. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable	High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Sulphur oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information	Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions	Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	No special precautions required.
Hygiene measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a

shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers	Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store bulk material and packed materials in a closed warehouse or under cover protected against direct sunlight and frost.
Advice on common storage	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Suitable materials	HDPE (high density polyethylene) Only IBC 1000 liter are recommended as bulk container for re-filling.
7.3 Specific end uses	Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Thiacloprid	111988-49-9	0.56 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	128-37-0	10 mg/m3 (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	128-37-0	2 mg/m3 (TLV)		OES BCS*

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer CropScience "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment
In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.
Hand protection	Wear CE Marked (or equivalent) nitrile rubber gloves (minimum thickness of 0,4 mm). Wash when contaminated and dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.
Eye protection	Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection	Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit. If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit. Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently. If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	dispersion
Colour	white
Odour	weak, characteristic
pH	5.0 - 8.0 at 1 % (23 °C) (deionized water)
Flash point	>100 °C
Autoignition temperature	410 °C
Density	ca. 1.04 g/cm³ at 20 °C
Water solubility	dispersible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Thiacloprid: log Pow: 1.26 at 20 °C
Viscosity, dynamic	<= 700 mPa.s at 20 °C Velocity gradient 7.5 /s
Surface tension	23 mN/m at 25 °C Determined in the undiluted form.
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Explosivity	Not explosive
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Thermal decomposition	Stable under normal conditions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Store only in the original container.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (rat) > 500 - < 1,000 mg/kg Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Acute inhalation toxicity	LC50 (rat) > 0.846 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol. Highest attainable concentration. Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (rat) > 4,000 mg/kg Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Skin irritation	Irritating to skin. (rabbit) Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Eye irritation	Irritating to eyes. (rabbit) Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Sensitisation	Non-sensitizing. (guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 406, Magnusson & Kligman test Test conducted with a similar formulation.

Assessment repeated dose toxicity

Thiacloprid did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment Mutagenicity

Thiacloprid was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment Carcinogenicity

Thiacloprid caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in rats in the following organ(s): uterus, thyroid.
Thiacloprid caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): ovaries. The tumours seen with Thiacloprid were caused through a non-genotoxic mechanism, which is not relevant at low doses. The mechanism that triggers tumours in rodents is not relevant for the low exposures encountered under normal use conditions.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Thiacloprid caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. Thiacloprid caused difficulties in parturition in rats. The mechanism of action for this effect is not considered to be relevant to man.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Thiacloprid caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Thiacloprid are related to maternal toxicity.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)) 32.8 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	LC50 (Chironomus riparius (non-biting midge)) 1,92 µg/l Exposure time: 24 h Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Toxicity to aquatic plants	IC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus) 96.7 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Thiacloprid: not rapidly biodegradable
Koc	Thiacloprid: Koc: 615

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation	Thiacloprid: Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil	Thiacloprid: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment	Thiacloprid: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information	No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).
Contaminated packaging	Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.

	Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely. Large containers (> 25 l or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for any other purpose. Return large containers to supplier. Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.
Waste key for the unused product	**020108** agrochemical waste containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number	**3082**
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIACLOPRID SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	90
Tunnel Code	E

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number	**3082**
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIACLOPRID SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

IATA

14.1 UN number	**3082**
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIACLOPRID SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number	**3082**
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (THIACLOPRID SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Emergency action code	3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user
See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)
Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)
Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)
Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)
EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits
Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II
Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991
The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)
Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)
Landfill Directive
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)
Water Resources Act 1991
Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

WHO-classification: II (Moderately hazardous)

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R-phrases mentioned in Section 3

R20	Harmful by inhalation.
R22	Harmful if swallowed.
R25	Toxic if swallowed.
R40	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.
It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.
The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.
The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.
No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision: Section 12. Ecological information. Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.